



Reports 2017
Financial Report

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Group Balance Sheet

Assets	Details	31.12.2017		31.12.2016	
		CHF 1000	%	CHF 1000	%
Cash and cash equivalents	2	115 887	–	230 805	–
Accounts receivable for deliveries and services	3	81 038	–	73 363	–
Other receivables		5 796	–	12 238	–
Inventories and work in progress	4	13 797	–	4 994	–
Prepayments and accrued income	6	43 387	–	35 520	–
Total current assets		259 905	37.8	356 920	39.0
Land, buildings, fixed installations	8	388 663	–	512 097	–
Assets under construction	8	927	–	862	–
Other fixed assets	8	32 862	–	42 212	–
Loans granted	7	229	–	164	–
Employer contribution reserve	11	780	–	780	–
Investments	9	1 946	–	2 321	–
Intangible assets	8	2 893	–	684	–
Total non-current assets		428 300	62.2	559 120	61.0
Total assets		688 205	100.0	916 040	100.0

Liabilities	Details	31.12.2017		31.12.2016	
		CHF 1000	%	CHF 1000	%
Liabilities from deliveries and services	5	25 375	–	16 660	–
Other liabilities		11 444	–	12 009	–
Accrued expenses and deferred income	6	138 440	–	136 855	–
Short-term provisions	10	7 505	–	2 171	–
Short-term loans taken up from third parties	19	562	–	211	–
Short-term loans taken up from related parties (shareholders)	19	2 567	–	52 500	–
Total short-term liabilities		185 893	27.0	220 406	24.1
Long-term provisions	10	25 192	–	9 499	–
Long-term loans taken up from third parties	19	46 052	–	47 160	–
Long-term loans taken up from related parties (shareholders)	19	197 367	–	200 000	–
Total long-term liabilities		268 611	39.0	256 659	28.0
Total liabilities		454 504	66.0	477 065	52.1
Share capital		60 066	–	60 066	–
Capital reserves		74 310	–	74 310	–
Retained earnings		97 943	–	304 143	–
Minority interests		1 382	–	456	–
Total shareholders' equity		233 701	34.0	438 975	47.9
Total equity and liabilities		688 205	100.0	916 040	100.0

Group Income Statement

		2017	2016
	Details	CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Income			
Services, stand construction		259 854	168 504
Surface areas		140 915	167 720
Admissions		12 782	12 213
Media, sponsoring		43 758	49 575
Utility connections		6 617	8 467
Furniture, other fittings		11 172	12 637
Conferences		9 480	11 670
Parking		4 162	5 068
Changes in work in progress		773	1 162
Other operating income		6 477	7 652
Revenue reductions (without acquired cash and cash equivalents)		-2 654	-4 348
Total operating income	12	493 336	440 320
Expenses	Details	CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Employees	13	-120 478	-88 689
Administration		-19 814	-16 218
Maintenance, repairs		-13 639	-12 708
Insurance, ground rent, rents		-20 198	-16 660
Energy		-9 009	-7 573
Furnishing expenses, stand construction		-144 589	-93 807
Exhibition and conference operations		-89 331	-82 595
Advertising, press, public relations		-32 458	-33 069
Depreciation	8	-147 770	-47 359
Total operating expenses		-597 286	-398 678

		2017	2016
	Details	CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Operating result		-103 950	41 642
Financial result, net	14	-3 843	-4 975
Result from ordinary activities		-107 793	36 667
Result of associated organisations	9	-390	-70
Earnings before taxes		-108 183	36 597
Taxes	15	-2 161	-2 261
Group profit / Group loss		-110 344	34 336
Of which, minority shareholders		346	-9
Of which, shareholders of MCH Group		-109 998	34 327
Result per share in CHF (diluted / undiluted)		-18.30 per share	5.71 per share

Group Cash Flow Statement

		2017	2016
	Details	CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Cash flow from operating activities			
Group profit/loss attributable to MCH Group shareholders		-109 998	34 327
Result of minorities		-346	9
Book profit from the sale of fixed assets		-161	-200
Reduction of non repayable loan not affecting the fund	19	-2 500	-2 500
Depreciation	8	45 294	44 494
Losses through value impairments	8	102 476	2 865
Increase in bad debt provision	3	325	370
Reduction/increase in value adjustments for long-term customer orders	4	-727	736
Increase in value adjustments for inventories	4	995	-
Attributable loss of associated organisations		390	70
Reduction/increase in accounts receivable for deliveries and services	3	11 727	-9 768
Reduction/increase in other receivables		8 883	-6 966
Increase in inventories and work in progress	4	-4 195	-1 499
Reduction in prepayments and accrued income	6	4 456	3 393
Increase/reduction in liabilities from deliveries and services	5	1 414	-7 437
Reduction/increase in other liabilities		-5 922	4 984
Reduction in accrued expenses and deferred income	6	-5 277	-25 082
Increase in provisions	10	21 027	107
Net cash flow from operating activities		67 861	37 903

		2017	2016
Cash flow from investment activities	Details	CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Cash outflow for investments in land, buildings and fixed installations, assets under construction	8	-3 666	-1 682
Cash outflow for investments in other tangible fixed assets	8	-5 476	-8 758
Cash outflow for investments in software and intangible assets	8	-4 136	-3 867
Cash inflow from the divestment of fixed assets	8	310	368
Repayment of loans granted to others	7	30	48
Loans granted to others	7	-95	-1
Cash flow from acquisition activities (without acquired cash and cash equivalents)	9	-114 986	-1 000
Net cash flow from investment activities		-128 019	-14 892
Cash flow from financing operations	Details	CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Dividend to shareholders		-3 003	-3 003
Dividend to minorities		-	-
Loans taken up	19	281	-
Repayment of loans taken up	19	-51 296	-604
Net cash flow from financing operations		-54 018	-3 607
Currency translation differences		-742	342
Net cash flow		-114 918	19 746
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year	2	230 805	211 059
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	2	115 887	230 805

The cash flow statement covers the cash flows of the consolidated companies



Development of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity

The change in the consolidated shareholders' equity is as follows:

CHF 1000	Share capital	Own shares	Capital reserves	Retained earnings				Minority interest	Total
				Accumulated currency translation differences	Hedging reserve	Retained profits	Total retained earnings		
As per 01.01.2016	60 066	–	74 310	252	–106	273 158	273 304	206	407 886
Currency translation differences	–	–	–	186	–	–	186	–	186
Changes from cash flow hedges	–	–	–	–	172	–	172	–	172
Goodwill	–	–	–	–	–	–843	–843	–	–843
	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	241	241
Dividend 2015 paid in 2016	–	–	–	–	–	–3 003	–3 003	–	–3 003
Group profit 2016	–	–	–	–	–	34 327	34 327	9	34 336
As per 31.12.2016	60 066	0	74 310	438	66	303 639	304 143	456	438 975
Currency translation differences	–	–	–	–770	–	–	–770	23	–747
Changes from cash flow hedges	–	–	–	–	190	–	190	–	190
Goodwill	–	–	–	–	–	–94 133	–94 133	–	–94 133
Minority interests in the capital of acquired companies and buyout of minority holdings	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1 249	1 249
Transaction with shareholders	–	–	–	–	–	1 514	1 514	–	1 514
Dividend 2016 paid in 2017	–	–	–	–	–	–3 003	–3 003	–	–3 003
Group loss 2017	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–346	–110 344
	–	–	–	–	–	109 998	109 998	–	–
As per 31.12.2017	60 066	0	74 310	–332	256	98 019	97 943	1 382	233 701

The revenue reserve includes CHF 39.5 million (previous year 39.5 million) general statutory reserves (including the capital contribution reserves) held by MCH Group Ltd. and its subsidiaries, which may not be distributed at present. In the notes to the Group Accounts, Note 16 shows the shareholders' equity with theoretical capitalisation of the goodwill at its net book value of CHF 85.0 million (previous year CHF 4.1 million).

Share capital

The share capital is divided into 6,006,575 registered shares (previous year 6,006,575 registered shares) with a nominal value of CHF 10.00 per share. The upper limit on entries into the share register is 5% per shareholder. This registration limit does not apply to the Cantons of Basel-Stadt, Basel-Landschaft and Zurich or to the City of Zurich.

The taxable value per share as per 31 December 2017 is CHF 66.30 (previous year CHF 69.10).

Notes to the Group Account

1. Consolidation and valuation principles

Introduction

The present group accounts are based on the individual financial statements for the group companies, drawn up according to uniform guidelines as per 31 December 2017 and stated in Swiss francs (CHF). The consolidated annual accounts are based on the following principles:

1.1. Accounting and valuation principles

The consolidated annual accounts of MCH Group Ltd. comply with the specialist recommendations for accounting (Swiss GAAP FER) and thus fulfil the requirements of the SIX Swiss Exchange Directives for the "Swiss Reporting Standard" segment. They present a true and fair view of the group's assets, financial assets and earnings and have been drawn up on the assumption that the corporate activity will be continued. The group accounts are based on the principle of individual valuation for assets and liabilities, and historical acquisition costs, with the exception of the financial instruments that are available for sale, which are assessed at their current values.

1.2. Consolidation principles

The group accounts include the annual accounts of MCH Group Ltd. as well as all the group companies, in accordance with the following principles:

Companies in which MCH Group Ltd. holds, either directly or indirectly, more than half of the voting rights or which are controlled by MCH Group Ltd. are fully consolidated. It is possible for MCH Group Ltd. to exercise control over a company even without holding half of the voting rights. In this case, 100% of the assets, liabilities, income and expenses are included. Any shares of minority shareholders in the equity and profits of the consolidated companies are stated separately in the group balance sheet and the group income statement.

Companies in which MCH Group Ltd. holds, either directly or indirectly, between 20% and 49.9% of the voting rights and which are not controlled by MCH Group Ltd. are included on the basis of the equity method. The share of equity held is stated under "Investments" in the group accounts. The pro-rata result for the year is stated under "Result of associated organisations" in the group income statement.

Companies in which the MCH Group Ltd. holds less than 20% of the voting rights are included on the consolidated balance sheet at acquisition price minus any value adjustment necessary for business reasons.

Initial consolidation is performed from the date on which control is transferred to MCH Group Ltd.. The book values of the holdings are eliminated by offsetting them with the equity at the time of acquisition, as stipulated by the Swiss GAAP FER. Transaction costs are recorded as expenditure at the time they are incurred. The assets and liabilities of the company acquired are valued at their current value at this point in time, applying uniform group principles. Any difference remaining between the purchase price and the equity of the company acquired following this re-evaluation is directly charged against or credited to the retained earnings as goodwill.

In performing full consolidation, 100% of the assets, liabilities, income and expenditure are included. Any shares of minority shareholders in the equity and profits of the consolidated companies are stated separately in the group balance sheet and the group income statement. Intragroup assets and liabilities, and also expenditure and income from intragroup transactions and relations between intragroup companies are eliminated, as are profits from intragroup transactions. Changes in a parent company's ownership share in a subsidiary, which do not lead to the parent company losing control of the subsidiary, are treated as an equity transaction (i.e. as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). When selling shares to minority shareholders, the difference between the selling price and the sold pro-rata book value of the net assets is entered via the retained earnings.

1.3. Foreign currency conversion

Annual accounts for consolidated companies in foreign currencies are converted as follows: current assets, non-current assets and liabilities at end-of-year rates (reporting date rate); shareholders' equity at historical rates. The income statement and cash flow statement are converted at the average rate for the year. The resultant currency translation differences are recognised in equity without affecting the operating result.

Items kept in foreign currencies are converted applying the reporting date exchange rate method. All assets and liabilities are converted at the exchange rate prevailing on the balance sheet date. The effects of foreign currency adjustments are included in the income statement. Unrealised exchange gains are similarly recognised with an effect on net income.

Transactions in foreign currencies (where VAT can be charged or for intercompany sales) are converted at the Swiss Federal Tax Administration's official average rate for the month in which the transaction took place. Other transactions in foreign currencies can also be converted at the current rate.

1.4. General posting concepts

The annual accounts are drawn up on the basis of correct period accrual. The impact of business transactions and other occurrences is thus reported at the time they take place and not at the time cash and cash equivalents are received or paid. This means inter alia that expenses and income are assigned to and recognised in the relevant periods. A check is carried out on all assets at the end of the year to establish whether there are any signs that the book value of the asset is in excess of the realisable value (value impairment). If an impairment can be demonstrated, the book value is reduced to the realisable value, with the impairment being charged to the result for the period in question.

1.5. Valuation and accounting principles

Income

The MCH Group achieves its income with exhibitions, events and stand construction projects. The income and associated expenditure for exhibitions and events are recognised, affecting net income, at the time at which the event is held. Profit from stand construction projects is realised at the time of the event, or when the benefits and risks of the delivery and/or service pass to the purchaser. Deposits received from customers or paid to suppliers for projects in future business years are entered as prepayments and deferred income in the balance sheet.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash holdings and cash at banks and the Post Office, as well as short-term fixed deposits (remaining term less than 90 days). They are stated at their nominal value.

Accounts receivable for deliveries and services

Receivables are stated at their net value, i.e. after deduction of any appropriate impairment (bad debt provision). Specific provisions are created as required. Furthermore, a general provision is created, based on historic experience, without allowance for the country of origin, as follows:

Due date of invoice and value adjustment as a % of sum invoiced:

> 360 days:	100%
181 – 360 days:	50%
91 – 180 days:	30%
61 – 90 days:	15%
31 – 60 days:	5%
00 – 30 days:	2%
Not due:	2%

Inventories and work in progress

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of acquisition or production cost and their net realisable value. Production costs include all the directly attributable material and manufacturing costs as well as overheads that have been incurred in conveying the inventories to their current location and converting them into their current state. If the acquisition and production costs are higher than the net market value, a value adjustment (expenditure) must be made for the amount of this difference. This value is determined on the basis of the current market price on the sales market. Discounts granted are deducted from the cost of goods as a reduction in the purchase price. Advance payments to suppliers are stated under inventories (as a reduction in the inventories held) and disclosed in the explanations given in the notes to the balance sheet. Measurement subsequent to initial recognition is performed using the average method.

Work in progress

Work in progress relates to long-term projects for stand construction, which is recognised and valued using the completed contract method, since the conditions for the percentage of completion method are not cumulatively fulfilled. The project expenses incurred during stand production are capitalised as work in progress. The long-term project is only recognised, affecting net income, when the delivery and performance risk has been transferred. Any losses are recognised immediately with an impact on net income. Advance payments received are recognised without affecting net income. These are offset against the corresponding long-term projects for which the advance payment has been made.

Other receivables and loans granted to others

Other receivables (including fixed deposits with a remaining term in excess of 90 days) and loans granted to others are stated at their nominal value minus any impairment.

Prepayments, accruals and deferrals

Prepayments, accruals and deferrals are valued according to the principles that apply for receivables and liabilities. The prepayments and accrued income include both third-party and own work entered into the books for exhibitions and events taking place in the following year (with the exception of work in progress on stand construction) and any sales for the reporting year that have not yet been invoiced. The accrued expenses and deferred income take in already-invoiced income from exhibitions, events and stand construction for the following year, as well as supplier invoices that have not yet arrived for goods and services already received. The accruals for current income tax are also stated under accrued expenses and deferred income.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are included in the balance sheet at acquisition or production cost and measured with allowance for the scheduled straight-line depreciation and any impairment. Depreciation of tangible fixed assets commences as of the first day of their use. Assets under construction are thus not depreciated. The depreciation period corresponds to the estimated useful life and is as follows:

Land: no depreciation

Buildings: 40 years

Various investments in extensions to buildings and systems: 10 – 20 years

Furniture and fittings: 3 – 10 years

Vehicles: 5 – 8 years

Sound and lighting equipment: 5 – 10 years

Hardware: 3 – 5 years

If it is ascertained that the useful life of a fixed asset is changing, especially as a result of technical progress, the state of the asset or the market, the residual book value of the asset will be depreciated over its new envisaged remaining useful life.

Services provided by our own employees in creating tangible fixed assets are not included as assets on account of the type of activity involved (general planning). Interest expenditure during the construction phase of a tangible fixed asset is included on the balance sheet as acquisition or production costs.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are non-monetary assets without physical substance. At the MCH Group, only acquired immaterial assets are capitalised, employing the following categories (including the estimated useful life):

Acquired exhibitions and events: 3 – 5 years

Software: 3 – 5 years

Intangible assets developed by the group itself (exhibitions, events, software and other intangible assets) are not included as assets.

Liabilities and loans taken up

Liabilities and loans taken up are stated at their nominal value. A liability or loan taken up is deemed to be short-term if it:

is to be fulfilled within 12 months of the balance sheet date or

an outflow of funds is to be expected in the operating activities on account of it.

All other liabilities are long-term.

Derivative financial instruments

A derivative is included on the balance sheet if it meets the definition of an asset or a liability. The group employs currency futures and swaps for hedging currency risks. Use is made of cash flow hedges, in particular, for foreign currency hedging in order to reduce foreign currency risks for highly probable future cash flows from sales in foreign currencies. All open positions from cash flow hedges on the balance sheet date are disclosed in the notes and are recognised in equity via the hedging reserve.

Pension benefit obligations

All Swiss companies in the MCH Group belong to the group's own pension fund (MCH Group Pension Fund), have their own, legally independent pension fund or have opted for a BVG (Occupational Pensions Act) full insurance solution. Any economic benefit is not capitalised in the MCH Group balance sheet. If freely available employer contribution reserves exist, these are included as assets. Both those currently in employment and former employees can receive benefits from the pension fund and an old-age pension. In respect of the application of Swiss GAAP FER 16 "Pension benefit obligations", we refer readers to Note 11.

The pension scheme for MC² insures all employees with permanent contracts who do not belong to a trade union organisation. The employees in the scheme can pay in part of their taxable income as a contribution once they have worked for the company for at least a year.

Current and former employees receive different benefits and old-age pensions from the pension fund, which are established in accordance with the statutory provisions.

Provisions

Provisions are established to cover all the identifiable risks of loss and obligations existing at the time the balance sheet is drawn up. Provisions are stated on the balance sheet if a probable obligation exists towards third parties which is attributable to an event that took place in the past (prior to the balance sheet date) and if the level of the obligation can be estimated. The extent of the provision is based on the expected outflow of funds to settle the obligation, which is re-evaluated each year. The level of the provision is determined through an analysis of the event in question which took place in the past, as well as on the basis of events that have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date, insofar as these contribute towards clarifying the situation. Obligating events after the balance sheet date have an impact on provisions if it becomes clear that they are caused by circumstances originating prior to the balance sheet date.

Goodwill

In the case of an acquisition, the net assets acquired are valued at current values. The goodwill results from purchasing costs that are higher than the corresponding equity of the acquired company. Goodwill is offset directly against the equity at the time of acquisition. This is permissible under Swiss GAAP FER insofar as the impact of theoretical capitalisation and theoretical amortisation on the equity and the goodwill is set out separately in the equity statement and in the notes. The goodwill is amortised on a theoretical basis over a period of 5 years. In the event of any impairment of the goodwill, this will be stated in the notes.

Own shares

Own shares are valued at acquisition cost. They are included as a negative item under shareholders' equity.

Taxes

In stating current and deferred income tax consequences, a distinction is made between the establishment of current and deferred income tax. Current income tax is calculated in accordance with the tax regulations for the calculation of profits and is stated as expenditure. Current income tax is included under accrued expenses. Deferred taxes result from valuation differences between the group's values and the decisive values for tax purposes and are included as deferred items accordingly. The recognition of deferred income tax is based on a balance-sheet approach and fundamentally takes into account all future income tax consequences. The deferred tax liability is calculated on the basis of the actual future tax rates to be expected and is shown under the long-term provisions. Deferred tax assets from losses carried forward can be recognised if it is considered likely that sufficient tax profits will be achieved in future against which the tax losses carried forward can be offset.

Subsidies

In the context of the "Messe Basel New Buildings" project, various subsidies were granted from the public purse (Cantons of Basel-Stadt, Basel-Landschaft and Zurich and also the City of Zurich); these included investments à fonds perdu. In the 2012 business year, MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. received a non-repayable loan, secured by a mortgage, of CHF 50.0 million from the Canton of Basel-Stadt, as a financing contribution à fonds perdu. This is to run for 20 years and incurs the obligation to continue operating the Congress Center Basel (CCB) for 20 years. This loan is written off by a sum of CHF 2.5 million every year (for the first time in the 2013 financial year) as the equivalent of the annual subsidy of CHF 2.5 million.

2. Cash and cash equivalents

	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Cash, Post Office	21 049	18 790
Bank	81 519	80 211
Fixed deposits	13 319	131 804
Total cash and cash equivalents	115 887	230 805

3. Accounts receivable for deliveries and services

	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Accounts receivable for deliveries and services	85 345	78 509
Bad debt provision	-4 307	-5 146
Total accounts receivable for deliveries and services	81 038	73 363
Aging		
	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Not due	33 668	38 526
Due within 60 days	31 171	8 754
Due after 60 days	20 506	31 229
Total accounts receivable for deliveries and services	85 345	78 509

4. Inventories and work in progress

	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Inventories	2 750	335
Value adjustments for inventories	-995	-
Work in progress	12 784	6 854
Value adjustments for work in progress	-80	-807
Advance payments received for work in progress	-662	-1 388
Total inventories and work in progress	13 797	4 994

5. Liabilities from deliveries and services

	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Liabilities from deliveries and services	25 375	16 660
Total liabilities from deliveries and services	25 375	16 660

6. Prepayments, accruals and deferrals

Composition of prepayments and accrued income	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Exhibitions and events	27 601	27 785
Stand construction sales not yet invoiced	10 498	279
Prepaid rents	2 184	848
Other	3 104	6 608
Total of prepayments and accrued income	43 387	35 520

Composition of accrued expenses and deferred income	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Services invoiced in advance for exhibitions, events and stand construction	103 160	115 992
Long-term contracts received from customers	-	-1 517
Advance payments for work in progress	15 397	3 060
Human resources	10 342	12 933
Accrual for current tax	1 359	460
Other	8 182	5 927
Total of accrued expenses and deferred income	138 440	136 855

The level of prepayments, accruals and deferrals is influenced primarily by the frequency of the individual exhibitions. As per 31 December 2017, this essentially relates to the following exhibitions in 2018: Swissbau, Baselworld, muba, Giardina and SWISS-MOTO. Own work for exhibitions and events totalling CHF 12.1 million (previous year CHF 9.2 million) is included under prepayments and accrued income.

7. Loans granted

	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Other loans	229	164
Total loans	229	164

8. Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Composition of tangible fixed assets CHF 1000	Land	Buildings and fixed installations	Assets under construction	Furniture, vehicles, hardware, sound and lighting equipment	Software and other intangible assets	Total
Purchase costs as per 1.1.2016	10 650	907 440	773	137 791	8 945	1 065 599
Depreciated values ¹⁾	–	–2 742	–	–42	–	–2 784
+ Additions	–	1 593	89	8 758	3 867	14 307
Reclassifications	–	–	–	456	–456	–
– Disposals	–	–	–	–43	–	–43
Purchase values as per 31.12.2016	10 650	906 291	862	146 920	12 356	1 077 079
Accumulated depreciation as per 1.1.2016	–	–375 843	–	–94 118	–6 688	–476 649
+ Reductions in value adjustments ¹⁾	–	2 742	–	42	–	2 784
– Depreciations charged in 2016	–	–31 418	–	–10 632	–2 444	–44 494
– Value impairments 2016	–	–325	–	–	–2 540	–2 865
Total accumulated depreciation as per 31.12.2016	–	–404 844	–	–104 708	–11 672	–521 224
Net book value as per 31.12.2016	10 650	501 447	862	42 212	684	555 855
Purchase costs as per 1.1.2017	10 650	906 291	862	146 920	12 356	1 077 079
Depreciated values ¹⁾	–	0	0	–2 544	–397	–2 941
+ Additions	–	3 601	65	5 476	4 136	13 278
Reclassifications	–	–	–	–244	244	0
Currency translation differences	–	29	–	–137	24	–84
Change in consolidated companies	–	7 681	–	13 198	3 869	24 748
– Disposals	–	–	–	–147	–2	–149
Purchase values as per 31.12.2017	10 650	917 602	927	162 522	20 230	1 111 931

Accumulated depreciation as per 1.1.2017	–	–404 844	–	–104 708	–11 672	–521 224
+ Reductions in value adjustments ¹⁾	–	0	–	2 544	397	2 941
– Depreciations charged in 2017	–	–31 669	–	–12 236	–1 389	–45 294
– Value impairments 2017	–	–96 634	–	–5 007	–835	–102 476
Reclassifications	–	–	–	215	–215	0
Currency translation differences		–10		51	–2	39
– Change in consolidated companies	–	–6 432	–	–10 519	–3 621	–20 572
Total accumulated depreciation as per 31.12.2017	–	–539 589	–	–129 660	–17 337	–686 586
Net book value as per 31.12.2017	10 650	378 013	927	32 862	2 893	425 345

1) After expiry of the depreciation period, the purchase or production cost value is offset against the accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation	2017 CHF 1000	2016 CHF 1000
Scheduled depreciation of buildings	31 669	31 418
Scheduled depreciation of other fixed assets	12 236	10 632
Unscheduled depreciation of other fixed assets	5 007	–
Unscheduled depreciation of buildings	96 634	325
Total depreciation of fixed assets	145 546	42 375
Scheduled depreciation of intangible assets	1 389	2 444
Unscheduled depreciation of intangible assets	835	2 540
Total depreciation of intangible assets	2 224	4 984
Total depreciation	147 770	47 359

Fire insurance values	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Buildings, fixed installations	1 158 570	1 175 175
Other fixed assets	216 609	270 660

The group's outstanding mortgages at the Zurich location are CHF 32.5 million (previous year CHF 32.5 million) and at the Basel location CHF 37.5 million (previous year CHF 40.0 million). The corresponding book values of the mortgaged buildings are CHF 46.0 million (previous year CHF 48.5 million) in Zurich and CHF 14.0 million (previous year CHF 20.9 million) in Basel.

In accordance with the decision of the Cantonal Parliament of 12 March 2008 relating to the financing concept for the new Messe Basel complex (formerly the Exhibition Center Basel 2012), security was provided for the non-repayable loan of CHF 50.0 million, secured by a mortgage, that MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. received as a financing contribution (à fonds perdu) through the issue of a mortgage note for this same amount, charged to the two buildings of the Congress Center Basel and the Musical Theater Basel.

The value impairment on buildings and fixed installations and also on the remaining fixed assets and intangible assets is due to the audit conducted of the valuation of the facilities in Basel. An audit conducted of the valuation of the exhibition halls in Basel for purposes of the 2017 annual accounts showed that a value adjustment is required due to the downscaling of Baselworld 2018. The value reduction is attributable to the expected course of business at the Basel location in future years.

9. Investments

Investments in subsidiaries	Location	Activity		Share capital as per 31.12.2017 in 1000	Holding as per 31.12.2017 in %	Share capital as per 31.12.2016 in 1000	Holding as per 31.12.2016 in %
MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd.	Basel	Exhibitions and congresses	A	CHF 40 000	100.0	CHF 40 000	100.0
MCH Swiss Exhibition (Zurich) Ltd.	Zurich	Exhibitions and congresses	A	CHF 13 720	100.0	CHF 13 720	100.0
MCH Beaulieu Lausanne SA	Lausanne	Exhibitions	A	CHF 100	100.0	CHF 100	100.0
Winkler Livecom AG	Wohlen	Event technology	A	CHF 100	100.0	CHF 100	100.0
Expomobilia AG	Effretikon	Stand construction	A	CHF 300	100.0	CHF 300	100.0
Techno Fot AG	Effretikon	Digital printing	D	CHF 400	100.0	CHF 400	100.0
Rufener events Ltd.	Zurich	Event management	A	CHF 100	100.0	CHF 100	100.0
Oceansalt LLC	Zurich	Design	E	CHF 20	100.0	CHF 20	100.0
MCH Global AG ¹⁾	Basel	Live Marketing Solutions	A	CHF 100	100.0	CHF 50	100.0
Art, Kunstmesse AG, in Basel	Basel	Trademark company	B	CHF 50	100.0	CHF 50	100.0
Swisstech Fachmesse AG	Basel	Trademark company	B	CHF 50	100.0	CHF 50	100.0
Natura, Internationale Fachmesse und Kongresse AG	Basel	Trademark company	B	CHF 50	100.0	CHF 50	100.0
Ineltec Fachmesse AG	Basel	Trademark company	B	CHF 50	100.0	CHF 50	100.0
Swissdata, Fachmesse für Datenverarbeitung AG	Basel	Trademark company	B	CHF 50	100.0	CHF 50	100.0
Orbit Fachmessen AG	Basel	Trademark company	B	CHF 100	100.0	CHF 100	100.0
Esthetica SA	Lausanne	Trademark company	F	CHF 100	100.0	CHF 100	100.0
Exhibit & More AG	Fällanden	Exhibitions	G	CHF 50	100.0	CHF 50	100.0
UAI Holding AG	Fällanden	Subholding	B	CHF 100	100.0	CHF 100	100.0
Design Miami Basel AG ²⁾	Basel	Exhibitions	B	CHF 500	50.0	CHF 500	50.0
Art Basel U.S. Corp.	Miami	Exhibitions	B	USD 100	100.0	USD 100	100.0
Asian Art Fairs Ltd.	Hong Kong	Exhibitions	B	HKD 1	100.0	HKD 1	100.0
Reflection Marketing AG	Wallisellen	Strategic Marketing Consulting	D	CHF 100	100.0	CHF 100	100.0
Seventh Plane Networks Pvt. Ltd.	New Delhi	Exhibitions	B	INR 300	60.3	INR 300	60.3
Expomobilia MCH Global Shanghai Ltd.	Shanghai	Stand construction	D	RMB 1 360	100.0	RMB 1 360	100.0

MCH US Corp.	Delaware	Live Marketing Solutions	A	USD	30 000	100.0	USD	-	-
Creative Management Services, Inc.	Missouri	Live Marketing Solutions	H	USD	0	98.0	USD	-	-
Creative Management Services, LLC	Delaware	Live Marketing Solutions	I	USD	45	98.0	USD	-	-
Creative Management Services II, LLC	Missouri	Live Marketing Solutions	K	USD	0	98.0	USD	-	-
Creative Management Holding GmbH	Hilden	Live Marketing Solutions	K	EUR	25	98.0	EUR	-	-
MC2 Europe GmbH ³⁾	Hilden	Live Marketing Solutions	L	EUR	200	49.0	EUR	-	-
Masterpiece London Ltd.	London	Exhibitions	B	GPB	19	67.5	GBP	-	-
Investments in associated companies	Location	Activity			Share capital as per 31.12.2017 in 1000	Holding as per 31.12.2017 in %	Share capital as per 31.12.2016 in 1000		Holding as per 31.12.2016 in %
Parkhaus Messe Zürich AG	Zurich	Car parking services	C	CHF	5 000	20.0	CHF	5 000	20.0
metron Vilshofen GmbH	Vilshofen	Stand construction	A	EUR	140	20.0	EUR	140	20.0
art.fair International GmbH	Cologne	Exhibitions	B	EUR	25	25.1	EUR	-	-
Minority investments	Location	Activity			Share capital as per 31.12.2016 in 1000	Holding as per 31.12.2016 in %	Share capital as per 31.12.2015 in 1000		Holding as per 31.12.2015 in %
Design Miami II LLC	Miami	Exhibitions	B	USD	430	10.0	USD	430	10.0

1) Former trademark company Igeho, Internationale Fachmesse AG, transferred to MCH Group Ltd. by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. in 2016.

2) The Design Miami Basel AG company is controlled by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd.

3) The company MC2Europe GmbH is controlled by Creative Management Holding GmbH on the basis of a contractual agreement.

A Company directly owned by MCH Group Ltd.

B Company owned by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd.

C Company owned by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Zurich) Ltd.

D Company owned by Expomobilia AG.

E Company owned by Rufener events Ltd.

F Company owned by MCH Beaulieu Lausanne SA.

G UAI Holding AG, which is wholly-owned by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd., has a 60% holding in Exhibit & More AG. The remaining 40% of the shares in Exhibit & More AG are held directly by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd.

H Company held by MCH US Corp.

J Company held by Creative Management Services, Inc.

K Company held by Creative Management Services, LLC.

L Company held by Creative Management Holding GmbH. The companies under letters H to L belong to the MC2 subgroup.

The book value of the investments consolidated by the equity method is made up as follows:

Composition	31.12.2017 CHF 1000	31.12.2016 CHF 1000
Parkhaus Messe Zürich AG	1 711	1 708
metron Vilshofen GmbH	166	613
art.fair International GmbH	69	-
Total	1 946	2 321

Change in scope of consolidation

On 1 August 2016, MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. acquired a majority holding of 60.3% in Seventh Plane Networks Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India, and took over control of the company at the same time. This was therefore the date taken for initial consolidation. Seventh Plane Networks Pvt. Ltd. organises the annual India Art Fair in New Delhi. As per the date of acquisition in the 2016 business year, Seventh Plane Networks Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, India, had cash and cash equivalents of CHF 0.2 million, other current receivables of CHF 1.4 million, fixed assets of CHF 0.1 million and liabilities of CHF 1.1 million. The net assets acquired, valued at their market value, are thus CHF 0.6 million as per 1 August 2016. MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. is entitled to acquire further shares in Seventh Plane Networks Pvt. Ltd.

On 1 January 2017, MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. acquired a 25.1% share in the capital of art.fair International GmbH, Cologne (Germany). art.fair International GmbH stages the annual ART DÜSSELDORF art fair. MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. is entitled to successively increase its minority holding.

On 30 April 2017, MCH US Corp. acquired 100% of the shares in MC², New York (USA) and, at the same time, took over control of the company. In a further step, 2% of the shares were sold to the local management. As per the date of acquisition, MC² had cash and cash equivalents of CHF 1.3 million, other current receivables of CHF 38.4 million, fixed assets of CHF 4.0 million and liabilities of CHF 23.2 million. The net assets acquired, valued at their market value, are thus CHF 20.5 million as per 30 April 2017. MCH Group Ltd. has a repurchasing right permitting it, as of 30 April 2020, to buy back, indirectly via the intermediate company, the shares in Creative Management Services LLC that are held by the management. MCH Group Ltd. can similarly be obliged by anyone on the management to buy back their share in Creative Management Services LLC indirectly via the intermediate company.

MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. acquired 67.5% of the shares in Masterpiece London Ltd. on 30 November 2017 and, at the same time, took over control of the company. As per the date of acquisition, Masterpiece London had cash and cash equivalents of CHF 0.5 million, other current receivables of CHF 0.8 million, fixed assets of CHF 0.0 million and liabilities of CHF 0.7 million. The net assets acquired, valued at the market value, are thus CHF 0.6 million as per 30 November 2017. MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. is entitled to acquire the remaining shares following the registration of the 2023 audited annual accounts for Masterpiece London Ltd.

10. Provisions

CHF 1000	As per 01.01.2016	Recognised	Used	Released	Change in consolidated companies and reclassification	As per 31.12.2016	short- term provisions
Repairs to exhibition parking spaces	800	–	–	–	–	800	0
Renovation fund Theater 11	2 043	201	–402	–	–	1 842	0
Restructuring	2 245	–	–178	–160	–	1 907	1 907
Other provisions	3 950	1 823	–170	–1 238	–	4 365	264
Deferred tax provision (cf. 15)	2 413	347	–3	–	–1	2 756	0
Total provisions	11 451	2 371	–753	–1 398	–1	11 670	2 171

CHF 1000	As per 01.01.2017	Recognised	Used	Released	Change in consolidated companies and reclassification	As per 31.12.2017	short- term provisions
Repairs to exhibition parking spaces	800	–	–	–	–	800	0
Renovation fund Theater 11	1 842	202	–	–	–	2 044	0
Restructuring	1 907	17 723	–411	–	–	19 219	6 971
Other provisions	4 365	3 926	–	–3 531	3 181	7 941	534
Deferred tax provision (cf. 15)	2 756	27	–90	–	–	2 693	0
Total provisions	11 670	21 878	–501	–3 531	3 181	32 697	7 505

CHF 0.8 million (previous year CHF 0.8 million) are provided for contractual obligations entered into in conjunction with the repairs to the parking spaces for exhibition use at the Zurich location. A sum of CHF 0.2 million plus indexed inflation is paid into the renovation fund for Theater 11 each year. This fund is used to finance maintenance work on the Theater 11. This obligation results from the agreements concluded with the person granting the building rights, which stipulate that the amount remaining in the renovation fund upon reversion of the building rights will go back to the person who has granted the building rights.

The restructuring costs for a subsidiary of the Exhibitions/Venues division, which were set aside in the 2014 financial year and used up in part during the 2015 to 2017 financial years already, include the expected costs of the redundancy plan. As part of the structural and organisational optimisation in the national exhibition and event business, a provision of CHF 17.7 million has additionally been created. The provisions have been discounted with a risk-weighted interest rate of 6.1%.

The other provisions include contract penalties in the event of stand constructions not being able to be brought into operation on time of CHF 0.3 million (previous year CHF 1.3 million).

In the 2016 financial year, a provision of CHF 0.9 million had to be created on account of the late handing over of an event structure; it was possible to reverse this provision in the course of the financial year. The provision for claims made (previous year CHF 0.8 million) was similarly reversed.

The other provisions result from funding shortfalls for pension funds (CHF 0.6 million), general provisions for potential reimbursement claims (CHF 4.0 million) and miscellaneous provisions totalling CHF 3.3 million (previous year CHF 0.8 million).

11. Employee pension funds

Employer contribution reserve (ECR)	Nominal-Value	Application waiver	Balance sheet	Constituted	Used	Interest	Change in consolidated companies	Balance sheet	Result for ECR in personnel expenses
	31.12.2016	31.12.2016	31.12.2016	2016	2016	2016	2016	31.12.2015	2016
CHF 1000 Pension fund	780		780					780	
Total	780	-	780	-	-	-	-	780	-
Economic benefit and pension fund expenditure		Excess/under coverage	Economic benefit for the MCH Group		Change compared with previous year	Interest	Change compared with previous year	Contributions limited to reporting period	Expenditure in personnel expenses
CHF 1000		31.12.2016	31.12.2016	31.12.2015		2016	2016	2016	2015
Benefit plans with excess coverage		31 000	-	-		-	-	5 878	6 115
Benefit plans with under coverage		-1 100	-	-		-	-	553	564
Total		29 900	-	-		-	-	6 431	6 679

Employer contribution reserve (ECR)	Nominal-Value	Application waiver	Balance sheet	Constituted	Used	Interest	Change in consolidated companies	Balance sheet	Result for ECR in personnel expenses
	31.12.2017	31.12.2017	31.12.2017	2017	2017	2017	2017	31.12.2016	2017
CHF 1000 Pension fund	780		780					780	
Total	780	-	780	-	-	-	-	780	-
Economic benefit and pension fund expenditure		Excess/under coverage	Economic benefit for the MCH Group		Change compared with previous year	Interest	Change compared with previous year	Contributions limited to reporting period	Expenditure in personnel expenses
CHF 1000		31.12.2017	31.12.2017	31.12.2016		2017	2017	2017	2016
Benefit plans with excess coverage		38 000	-	-		-	-	6 042	5 878
Benefit plans with under coverage		-322	-	-		-	-	476	553
Total		37 678	-	-		-	-	6 518	6 431

The employee pension funds of the MCH Group (named as pension fund) is independent of the group. The pension fund is financed by employee and employer contributions as a matter of principle. Membership of the pension fund is compulsory for all employees with permanent contracts at MCH Group Ltd., MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd., MCH Swiss Exhibition (Zurich) Ltd., Expomobilia AG, Techno Fot AG, Rufener events Ltd., Winkler Livecom AG, Oceansalt LLC and MCH Global AG. Members are entitled to benefits which include an old-age pension, disability pension and benefits in the event of death. Since 1 January 2012, the pension fund has operated as a defined contribution scheme.

The companies affiliated to the fund make an overall contribution of 150% of the contributions paid by the members. Expenditure in the 2017 financial year totalled CHF 5.9 million (previous year CHF 5.7 million). An actuarial balance sheet is drawn up by an expert at least once every three years, which is currently based on the 2015 Occupational Pensions Act (2.0%). The last actuarial balance sheet was drawn up on 1 January 2015. The mathematical reserve is calculated on an annual basis. The funded status in respect of the net assets of the pension fund is 119.0% as per 31 December 2017 (previous year 116.9%). The total employer contribution reserve as per 31 December 2017 is CHF 0.8 million (previous year CHF 0.8 million).

The semi-autonomous pension fund, Caisse de pension en faveur du personnel de Beaulieu Exploitation SA, is a defined contribution scheme and insures all employees with permanent contracts. Members are entitled to benefits which include an old-age pension, disability pension and benefits in the event of death. MCH Beaulieu Lausanne SA, as the sole company affiliated to the fund, makes an overall contribution amounting to 150% (previous year 200%) of the contributions paid by the members.

Expenditure in the 2017 financial year totalled CHF 0.5 million (CHF 0.3 million as per the regulations, CHF 0.2 million as a recapitalisation contribution (previous year CHF 0.6 million). The 2015 Occupational Pensions Act (2.0%) is taken as the technical basis for the annual calculation of the funded status, which is 98.8% as per 31 December 2017 (previous year 95.0%). On the basis of a decision taken by the Foundation's Board of Trustees, the pension fund was switched to a defined contribution scheme on 1 January 2016 and the technical interest rate reduced to 2.75% at the same time. On the basis of a decision taken by the Foundation's Board of Trustees on 31 January 2018, the employer paid a recapitalisation contribution of CHF 160 000 for the 2017 reporting year.

The employees of Reflection Marketing AG, Wallisellen, have a full-insurance solution. The employees of Exhibit & More AG have a full-insurance solution with AXA-Winterthur. Both pension solutions have a funded status of 100%.

MC2 contributes to multi-employer pension plans under collective bargaining agreements which provide retirement benefits for its various union employees.

The plans contributions were less than 5% of each such plan's in FY 2017. The Company has a kCHF 0.5 salary savings plan for substantially all nonunion full-time employees. The most recent Pension Protection Act zone status available is for the plan's year-end at December 31, 2017. The zone status is based on information that the Company received from the plan and is certified by the plan's actuary. Among other factors, plans in the red zone are generally less than 65% funded, plans in the yellow zone are less than 80% funded and plans in the green zone are at least 80% funded. The "FIP/RP Status Pending or Implemented" column indicates plans for which a financial improvement plan ("FIP") or a rehabilitation plan ("RP") is either pending or has been implemented. Information for significant multi-employer pension plans in which the Company participates is included in the table below.

Pension Fund	EIN-Pension Number	Pension Zone status 2017	Pension Zone status prior year	FIP/RP status pending or implemented	Contributions 2017 in 1000 CHF	Effective date of current Agreement
Western Conference of Teamsters	91-6145047	Green	Green	No	207	5/31/2021
Chicago Carpenters Trust Fund	36-6130207	Green	Green	No	265	5/31/2020
Other plans					500	
Total					972	

The risks of participating in multi-employer plans are different from single employer plans as assets contributed are available to provide benefits to employees of other employers and unfunded obligations from an employer that discontinues contributions are the responsibility of all remaining employers. In addition, in the event of a plan's termination or the Company's withdrawal from a plan, the Company may be liable for a portion of the plan's unfunded vested benefits. The Company has withdrawn from the Central States Southeast and Southwest Areas Pension fund for which a demand of 0.5 m CHF has been served. The Company is requesting that the Fund provide the basis used to determine the amount of the demanded liability of 0.5 m CHF and has recorded a reserve of 0.2 m CHF pending an actuary review. The Company does not anticipate withdrawal from any other plans, nor is the Company aware of any expected plan terminations.

At December 31, 2017, approximately 16% of the Company's payroll is for a union workforce which is represented under 12 collective bargaining agreements which are active 2018 through 2021. Upon such dates the agreements renew or are renegotiated.

As per 31 December 2017, liabilities of CHF 0.0 million (previous year CHF 0.8 million) exist to the pension funds.

12. Income by divisions and geographical markets

Income by divisions 2016 CHF 1000	In Switzerland	Abroad, 1) MCH exhibitions 2) Swiss customers	Abroad, foreign customers	Total
Exhibition Division	284 097	48 806 ¹⁾	–	332 903
Venues Division	41 900	–	–	41 900
Live Marketing Solutions Division	53 227	4 300 ²⁾	7 990	65 517
Total income by divisions	379 224	53 106	7 990	440 320
Income by divisions 2017 CHF 1000	In Switzerland	Abroad, 1) MCH exhibitions 2) Swiss customers	Abroad, foreign customers	Total
Exhibition Division	238 331	56 555 ¹⁾	–	294 886
Venues Division	36 892	–	–	36 892
Live Marketing Solutions Division	55 103	5 889 ²⁾	100 566	161 558
Total income by divisions	330 326	62 444	100 566	493 336

No relevant Swiss or international direct competitor currently discloses their segment results or is required to disclose the figures and segment results in a comparable manner. For this reason, the MCH Group is dispensing with the presentation of its segment results, since detailed reporting of the company's cost and earnings structure could produce competitive disadvantages compared with competitors.

13. Human resources

	2017	2016
Full-time jobs	834	588

For the provision of services, additional temporary staff are employed as cashiers, cloakroom attendants, guards and office workers, etc.

The full-time jobs are calculated proportionally, MC² eight months and Masterpiece London one month.

14. Financial result

Financial income	2017 CHF 1000	2016 CHF 1000
Interest income	80	33
Exchange gains	1 441	808
Total financial income	1 521	841
Financial expenses	2017 CHF 1000	2016 CHF 1000
Interest on capital	3 745	3 971
Exchange losses	298	1 016
Bank and credit card charges	1 321	829
Total financial expenses	5 364	5 816
Net financial result	-3 843	-4 975

The interest on capital relates to the financing costs for the operational loans and various other interest expenditure.

15. Taxes

	2017 CHF 1000	2016 CHF 1000
Current income tax	2 329	1 917
Deferred income tax	-168	344
Total income tax	2 161	2 261

	2017 CHF 1000	2016 CHF 1000
Total tax loss carry forward as of 01.01.	10 743	12 102
Change in loss carry forward in the tax balance	3 100	-1 359
Total tax loss carry forward as of 31.12.	13 843	10 743

	2017 CHF 1000	2016 CHF 1000
Impact of changes in loss carry forwards on income tax		
Income tax prior to allowance for loss carry forwards	1 394	2 500
Impact of non-capitalisation of loss carry forwards	778	126
Impact of the use of non-capitalised loss carry forwards	-11	-365
Income tax with allowance for loss carry forwards	2 161	2 261

The average tax rate applied in respect of the result from ordinary activities is -2.0% (previous year 6.2%).

Due to a tax agreement with the Canton of Basel-Stadt, the income tax payable by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. is negligible. No special tax arrangements exist for other companies in the group. As of 2021, the exhibition business in Basel that has been partially exempted from taxation will similarly be subject to tax. The time at which the tax regime is being changed has been coordinated with the repayment of the loans granted to MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. by the Canton of Basel-Stadt for the new Messe Basel hall complex built in the 2013 financial year.

In each of the companies (with the exception of MCH Messe Basel), deferred tax is calculated with the effectively applicable tax rate of 18 – 21%. In the 2017 financial year, the tax loss carry forward decreased by CHF 3.1 million to CHF 13.8 million.

As per 31 December 2017 and 2016, no deferred tax credits were capitalised from loss carry forwards.

16. Goodwill

In accordance with the consolidation principles, MCH Group offsets the goodwill acquired directly against the equity at the time of initial consolidation or the time of acquisition.

The theoretical net book value of the goodwill originates from the acquired companies of Asian Art Fairs Limited, Reflection Marketing AG, Seventh Plane Networks Pvt. Ltd., Creative Management Services, Inc. (MC² subgroup), art.fair International, Düsseldorf and Masterpiece London Ltd.

If the goodwill had been capitalised, assuming an amortisation period of 5 years, the following values would have been obtained:

Additional disclosure with goodwill charged against equity	2017 CHF 1000	2016 CHF 1000
Result after taxes	-110 344	34 336
Theoretical amortisation of goodwill	-13 289	-2 495
Result after taxes with capitalisation of the goodwill	-123 633	31 841
Acquisition value of the goodwill		
As per 01.01.	13 874	13 031
Entries	94 133	843
Amortised values	-	-
As per 31.12.	108 007	13 874
Accumulated amortisation of the goodwill		
As per 01.01.	9 757	7 262
Scheduled amortisation	13 289	2 495
Disposals from accumulated amortisation	-	-
As per 31.12.	23 046	9 757
Shareholders' equity as per 31.12.	233 701	438 975
Theoretical net book value of goodwill	84 961	4 117
Shareholders' equity with inclusion of the goodwill as per 31.12.	318 662	443 092

17. Off-balance-sheet transactions

CHF 1000	Due in 1 year or less	Due in 2–5 years	Due in 5 years or more	Total
Rental contracts for business premises	7 132	14 378	–	21 510
Rental and maintenance contracts for ICT	89	102	–	191
Lease commitments for vehicles	15	8	–	23
Ground rent	2 099	8 395	66 788	77 282
As per 31.12.2016	9 335	22 883	66 788	99 006
Rental contracts for business premises	10 873	30 360	1 480	42 713
Rental and maintenance contracts for ICT	220	278	–	498
Lease commitments for vehicles	429	256	–	685
Ground rent	2 099	8 220	65 138	75 457
As per 31.12.2017	13 621	39 114	66 618	119 353

18. Derivative financial instruments

1000 CHF	Contract value 2017	Contract value 2016	Replacement value 2017	Replacement value 2016	Reason held
Forward transactions foreign exchange	18 893	23 125	257	66	Hedging
Total derivative financial instruments	18 893	23 125	257	66	

Forward transactions (currency instruments) were concluded in order to hedge future sales income in foreign currencies.

19. Loans taken up

As per 31.12.2016	Balance sheet	Interest on capital	Interest rate	Including secured by mortgages	Due date
	CHF 1 000	CHF 1 000		CHF 1 000	
Short-term and fixed-rate loans from third parties and banks	211	389	1.25%		
Short-term and fixed-rate loans from shareholders (Canton of Basel-Landschaft)	50 000	340	0.68%		06.06.2017
Non-repayable loan (à fonds perdu) secured with a mortgage	2 500			2 500	08.07.2017
Total short-term loans (less than 1 year)	52 711	729		2 500	
Long-term and fixed-rate loans from third parties and banks	47 160	1 061	1.25%-2.32%		01.09.2022 resp. 05.01.2037 annual amortisation obligation CHF 0.2 mn
Long-term loans from shareholders (Canton of Basel-Stadt)	35 000	818	2.34%		01.07.2020
Long-term loans from shareholders (Canton of Basel-Landschaft)	35 000	1 050	3%		15.03.2021
Long-term loans from shareholders (Canton Zurich)	16 000	320	2%	16 000	28.06.2021 resp. 30.06.2031
Long-term loans from shareholders (City of Zurich)	16 500	330	2%	16 500	01.07.2021 resp. 30.06.2031
Interest-free loans from shareholders (Cantons BS, BL) 1)	60 000				as of 09.06.2020 resp. 08.09.2020 annual amortisation of CHF 3 mn
Non-repayable loan (à fonds perdu) secured with a mortgage 2)	37 500			37 500	last amortisation instalment 06.07.2032
Total long-term loans (more than 1 year)	247 160	3 579		70 000	
Total loans taken up as per 31.12.2016	299 871	4 308		72 500	

As per 31.12.2017	Balance sheet	Interest on capital	Interest rate	Including secured by mortgages	Due date
	CHF 1 000	CHF 1 000		CHF 1 000	
Short-term and fixed-rate loans from third parties and banks	562	196	1.25%		
Short-term and fixed-rate loans from shareholders (Canton of Basel-Landschaft)	67	1	2.00%		30.06.2018
Non-repayable loan (à fonds perdu) secured with a mortgage	2 500			2 500	08.07.2018
Total short-term loans (less than 1 year)	3 129	197		2 500	
Long-term and fixed-rate loans from third parties and banks	46 052	1 031	1.25%-2.32%		01.09.2022 resp. 05.01.2037 annual amortisation obligation CHF 0.2 mn
Long-term loans from shareholders (Canton of Basel-Stadt)	35 000	818	2.34%		01.07.2020
Long-term loans from shareholders (Canton of Basel-Landschaft)	35 000	1 050	3%		15.03.2021
Long-term loans from shareholders (Canton Zurich)	15 867	319	2%	15 867	28.06.2021 resp. 30.06.2031
Long-term loans from shareholders (City of Zurich)	16 500	330	2%	16 500	01.07.2021 resp. 30.06.2031
Interest-free loans from shareholders (Cantons BS, BL) 1)	60 000				as of 09.06.2020 resp. 08.09.2020 annual amortisation of CHF 3 mn
Non-repayable loan (à fonds perdu) secured with a mortgage 2)	35 000			35 000	last amortisation instalment 06.07.2032
Total long-term loans (more than 1 year)	243 419	3 548		67 367	
Total loans taken up as per 31.12.2017	246 548	3 745		69 867	

1) Interest as a subsidy

2) Financing sum, annual amortisation of CHF 2.5m, as a subsidy from 2013 onwards

The net debt (short and long-term loans taken up minus cash and cash equivalents) increased to CHF 130.7 million (previous year CHF 69.1 million).

20. Further details

20.1. Transactions with related parties

As an organiser of exhibitions and various other events, the MCH Group maintains a wide range of business relationships with its most important shareholders, the Cantons of Basel-Stadt, Basel-Landschaft and Zurich and the City of Zurich, in the context of its ordinary business activity.

The Canton of Basel-Stadt has made most of the land required by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. available with a building lease.

The Canton and City of Zurich have granted MCH Swiss Exhibition (Zurich) Ltd. loans of CHF 16.0 million and CHF 16.5 million respectively, both subject to 2% interest. In addition, the City of Zurich has made the land required by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Zurich) Ltd. available with a building lease.

In the context of the financing concept for the “Messe Basel New Buildings” for CHF 350 million (including some CHF 40 million from the increase in share capital in 2011), the following transactions were made or prepared between MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. and the public-sector entities. As the parent company, MCH Group Ltd. guarantees the fulfilment of the contracts (investment contributions and loans earmarked for a specific purpose) with the public-sector entities (the Cantons of Basel-Stadt, Basel-Landschaft and Zurich and also the City of Zurich) by means of an abstract payment guarantee. The financing concept additionally provides for a maximum dividend payment of 5% over the full financing term.

The interest-free loan for CHF 60 million granted by the Cantons of Basel-Stadt and Basel-Landschaft (CHF 30 million each), has reduced the interest to be paid by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. in the 2017 financial year by CHF 0.6 million taking a reference interest rate of 0.92% (previous year CHF 0.7 million with an interest rate of 1.15%). As of 2020, these loans will be amortised with a total of CHF 6 million each year (CHF 3 million per loan and canton).

In the 2012 business year, MCH Messe Basel received a non-repayable loan, secured by a mortgage, of CHF 50.0 million from the Canton of Basel-Stadt, as a financing contribution à fonds perdu. This is to run for 20 years and incurs the obligation to continue operating the Congress Center Basel (CCB) for 20 years. This loan is reduced by a sum of CHF 2.5 million every year. The reduction in the corresponding interest to be paid is CHF 0.4 million (previous year CHF 0.5 million).

MC² has a future outflow of funds to related parties equivalent to CHF 1.7 million for rental contracts.

20.2. Contingent liabilities

On 31 December 2017, MCH Swiss Exhibition (Zurich) Ltd. has contingent liabilities of CHF 0.7 million (previous year CHF 0.7 million) in respect of Theater 11 and the renovation of exhibition restaurants. To ensure the obligations taken on by Expomobilia AG in the context of a work contract, MCH Group Ltd. provided guarantees totalling CHF 3.0 million on 31.12.2017 (previous year CHF 3.0 million).

20.3. Exchange rates

Exchange rates	Annual average rates		Reporting date rates	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
USD	0.98	0.99	0.97	1.02
EUR	1.11	1.09	1.17	1.07
HKD (100)	12.64	12.69	12.47	13.11
INR (100)	1.51	1.47	1.53	1.5
GBP	1.27	1.33	1.32	1.26
CNY (100)	14.59	14.84	14.96	14.62

20.4. Risk management

The MCH Group has implemented a risk management process. On the basis of a risk identification conducted by the Executive Board each year, the key risks for the group are rated according to the probability of their occurrence and their impact. These risks are avoided, reduced or passed on by means of appropriate measures decided on by the Board of Directors. The risks borne by the group itself are consistently monitored. The last risk assessment conducted by the Board of Directors was adopted on 30 November 2017. To allow the group to respond flexibly to changes in the risk environment, the Executive Board is entitled to commission in-depth risk clarifications on an ad-hoc basis.

20.5. Approval of the annual accounts

The Board of Directors of MCH Group Ltd. approved the consolidated annual accounts on 16 March 2018.



Statutory Auditor's Report

To the General Meeting of MCH Group Ltd., Basel

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of MCH Group Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2017 and the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2017, and its consolidated results of operations and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER and comply with Swiss law.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those provisions and standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the requirements of the Swiss audit profession and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Report on Key Audit Matters based on the circular 1/2015 of the Federal Audit Oversight Authority



Goodwill impairment



Valuation of property, plant and equipment (exhibition halls)



Accounting of the acquisition of the MC2 group

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Goodwill impairment

Key Audit Matter

The Group offsets the acquired goodwill directly with equity at the acquisition date.

The consequences of a theoretical capitalization (acquisition value, residual value, useful life, depreciation) as well as of any impairment are disclosed in note No. 16 (Goodwill) to the consolidated financial statements.

Management examines on a yearly basis if there are indicators of goodwill impairment. If such indicators exist, the carrying amount of the corresponding net assets plus the goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount (value in use). The value in use is based on the estimated and discounted forecast cash flows, which are determined mainly by the estimated future revenues and expenses as well as the discount rate.

Our response

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, evaluating the methodical and mathematical accuracy of the model used for the impairment tests, the appropriateness of the assumptions used, and the methodology used by management to prepare its cash flow forecasts.

For the acquired goodwill presented in the notes (theoretical capitalization), we performed amongst others the following audit procedures:

- comparing business plan data against the latest management approved forecasts and Board approved plans;
- challenging the robustness of the key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount, including forecast cash flows, long-term growth rates and discount rates by comparing them with publicly available data as well as based on our understanding of the commercial prospects of the related assets;
- comparing the sum of discounted forecast cash flows to the carrying amount of the corresponding net assets plus the goodwill and examining the recording of any value adjustments.

We also considered the appropriateness of disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

For further information on goodwill impairment refer to the following:

- 1.5. Valuation and accounting principles, paragraph Goodwill
- 16. Goodwill



Valuation of property, plant and equipment (exhibition halls)

Key Audit Matter

As at 31 December 2017, MCH Group Ltd. has land, buildings and fixed installations in the amount of CHF 388.6 million, of which CHF 299.7 million correspond to exhibition halls situated in Basel.

The recognition of impairments on the exhibition halls situated in Basel during the year under review amount to CHF 102.3 million. The impairment loss was charged proportionally to the carrying amounts of the exhibition halls situated in Basel and recognized accordingly.

Management examines on a yearly basis if there are indicators of impairments of the exhibition halls.

If such indicators exist, the carrying amount is compared to the recoverable amount (value in use). The value in use is based on the estimated and discounted forecast cash flows, which are determined mainly by the estimated future revenues and expenses as well as the discount rate.

Our response

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, evaluating the methodical and mathematical accuracy of the model used for the impairment tests, the appropriateness of the assumptions used, and the methodology used by management to evaluate the forecast cash flows. We involved our valuation specialists in order to support our audit procedures.

We performed amongst others the following audit procedures:

- comparing business plan data against the latest management approved forecasts and Board approved plans;
- challenging the robustness of the key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount, including forecast cash flows, long-term growth rates and discount rates by comparing them with publicly available data as well as based on our understanding of the commercial prospects of the related assets;
- comparing the sum of discounted forecast cash flows to the carrying amount of the corresponding assets and examining the recording of any value adjustments.

We also considered the appropriateness of disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

For further information on the valuation of property, plant and equipment refer to the following:

- 1.4. General posting concepts
- 1.5. Valuation and accounting principles, paragraph tangible fixed assets
- 8. Tangible and intangible assets



Accounting of the acquisition of the MC2 group

Key Audit Matter

During the financial year 2017, MCH Group acquired the MC2 group at the purchase price of USD 108 million.

In order to recognize an acquisition, the acquiring company must evaluate the acquired net assets at actual values. The surplus of the acquisition costs over the newly valued net assets is to be designated as goodwill.

The MCH Group offsets the goodwill with equity at the acquisition date. The effects of a theoretical capitalization as well as of any impairment are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The valuation of the acquired assets and liabilities at the acquisition date requires management to make estimates and assumptions that are subject to uncertainty.

Our response

We examined amongst others the purchase contract in order to understand the main terms of the transaction and its effects on accounting. We reconciled the payments made with the contract.

For the valuation of the acquired net assets, we performed amongst others the following audit procedures:

- challenging and evaluating the mathematical accuracy of the valuation documentation used by management;
- examining the last audited financial statements of the acquired companies;
- assessing the appropriateness of the chosen valuation method.

We also assessed the proper recording of the acquisition in the consolidated financial statements as well as the appropriateness of disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

For further information on the accounting of the acquisition of the MC2 group refer to the following:

- 1.2. Consolidation principles
- 1.5. Valuation and accounting principles, paragraph Goodwill
- 9. Investments



Responsibility of the Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER and the provisions of Swiss law, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors or its relevant committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors or its relevant committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors or its relevant committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report, unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with article 728a para. 1 item 3 CO and the Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We recommend that the consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

KPMG AG



Stefan Inderbinen
Licensed Audit Expert
Auditor in Charge



Christoph Vonder Mühl
Licensed Audit Expert

Basel, 16 March 2018

KPMG AG, Viaduktstrasse 42, PO Box 3456, CH-4002 Basel

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MCH Group Ltd.

Balance sheet

Statutory accounts of the holding company

Assets	Details	31.12.2017		31.12.2016	
		CHF 1000	%	CHF 1000	%
Cash and cash equivalents		11 079	–	8 756	–
Accounts receivable for deliveries and services from third parties		0	–	1	–
Accounts receivable for deliveries and services from holdings		3 011	–	3 513	–
Other current receivables from third parties		615	–	7 240	–
Other current receivables from holdings	2.1	4 304	–	0	–
Prepayments and accrued income		569	–	171	–
Prepayments and accrued income from holdings		0	–	1 313	–
Total current assets		19 578	7.0	20 994	11.4
Long-term loans to group companies		100 734	–	20 821	–
Investments	2.1	160 919	–	142 094	–
Total non-current assets		261 653	93.0	162 915	88.6
Total assets		281 231	100.0	183 909	100.0

Liabilities	Details	31.12.2017		31.12.2016	
		CHF 1000	%	CHF 1000	%
Accounts payable for deliveries and services		1 015	–	318	–
Other short-term liabilities		375	–	50	–
Other short-term liabilities towards holdings		1 436	–	1 543	–
Accrued expenses and deferred income		1 485	–	4 059	–
Accrued expenses and deferred income towards holdings		0	–	25	–
Total short-term liabilities		4 311	1.5	5 995	3.3
Long-term interest-bearing liabilities towards holdings		107 192	–	5 000	–
Long-term non-interest-bearing liabilities towards holdings		10 000	–	10 500	–
Total long-term liabilities		117 192	41.7	15 500	8.4
Total liabilities		121 503	43.2	21 495	11.7
Share capital	2.2	60 066	–	60 066	–
Statutory capital reserves					
- Reserves from capital contributions		27 990	–	27 991	–
Statutory retained earnings					
- General statutory retained earnings		5 600	–	5 600	–
Voluntary retained earnings					
- Special reserves		47 600	–	47 600	–
- Net profit					
Profit carried forward		18 154	–	17 684	–
Annual profit		318	–	3 473	–
Total shareholders' equity		159 728	56.8	162 414	88.3
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		281 231	100.0	183 909	100.0



MCH Group Ltd.

Income statement

Statutory accounts of the holding company

		2017	2016
	Details	CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Income			
Dividend income from subsidiaries	2.1	18 186	26 186
Other financial income from subsidiaries		4 638	236
Other financial income		4	5
Management fee from group companies		10 785	13 404
Remaining operating income			
Services with third parties		69	65
Other operating income		3	3
Revenue reductions		-3	-14
Total operating income		33 682	39 885
Expenses		CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Employees		-6 496	-8 669
Financial expenses from subsidiaries		-6 194	-183
Other financial expenses		-92	-93
Remaining operating expenditure			
Administration		-8 379	-6 607
Insurances		-30	-107
Set-up expenses		-57	-719
Operating expenses		-64	-1 228
Advertising, press, public relations		-1 050	-1 247
Value adjustments on investments		-11 002	-17 559
Total operating expenses		-33 364	-36 412
Total pre-tax profit		318	3 473
Income tax		0	0
Annual profit		318	3 473

MCH Group Ltd.

Notes to the Annual Accounts

1. Principles

1.1 General Information

The present annual accounts of MCH Group Ltd. with head office in Basel have been drawn up in accordance with the Swiss commercial accounting and financial reporting legislation (Title 32 of the Swiss Code of Obligations). The main accounting and valuation principles applied that are not prescribed by law are described below.

1.2 Valuation principles

Assets are valued at no more than acquisition cost. All assets and liabilities denoted in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates applicable on the balance sheet date. Income and expenses denominated in foreign currencies and all transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates applicable on the individual transaction dates. The resulting exchange rate differences are included on the income statement. Any unrealised exchange gains are deferred and stated under "Accrued expenses and deferred income".

1.3 Non-inclusion of a cash flow statement and further details in the notes

MCH Group Ltd. draws up group accounts on the basis of a recognised accounting standard (Swiss GAAP FER). In accordance with the statutory provisions, it has thus dispensed with the provision of details of interest-bearing liabilities and auditing fees and also with the presentation of a cash flow statement in the notes to the present annual accounts.

2. Disclosures on balance sheet and income statement positions

2.1 Investments

The direct and principal indirect holdings are listed in the notes to the group accounts.

[Financial Report / Notes to the Group Accounts / Investments](#)

The capital share corresponds to the voting share.

At the extraordinary General Meetings of MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. of 15 January 2018 and 07 March 2018, the payment of a dividend of CHF 4,000,000 and CHF 1,500,000 was decided on. These dividends are already entered as dividend income in the present annual accounts and stated under other current receivables from holdings.

2.2 Share capital

As at 31.12.2017, the share capital is divided into 6,006,575 registered shares with a nominal value of CHF 10.00 per share (unchanged compared with the previous year).

3. Further details

3.1 Full-time employees

The number of full-time employees averaged over the year was between 10 and 50 in the reporting year and the previous year.

3.2 Sureties provided for liabilities of third parties

To ensure the obligations taken on by Expomobilia AG in the context of a work contract, MCH Group Ltd. provided guarantees amounting to CHF 3.0 million on 31.12.2017 (previous year CHF 3.0 million).

3.3 Contingent liabilities

As the parent company, MCH Group Ltd. guarantees the fulfilment of the contracts (investment contributions and loans earmarked for a specific purpose) with the public-sector entities (the Cantons of Basel-Stadt, Basel-Landschaft and Zurich and also the City of Zurich) by means of an abstract payment guarantee.

MCH Group Ltd. is jointly and severally liable with MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. for a credit facility of CHF 100.0 million, which was taken up for a sum of CHF 40 million (previous year CHF 40 million) by MCH Swiss Exhibition (Basel) Ltd. on the balance sheet date.

3.4 Maximum dividend payment

The financing concept with the public-sector entities (the Cantons of Basel-Stadt, Basel-Landschaft and Zurich and also the City of Zurich) provides for a maximum dividend payment of 5% over the full financing term.

3.5 Key shareholders

At the end of 2017, 2,936 (previous year 3,185) registered shareholders were entered in the share register.

Shareholding 31.12. 2017 (31.12.2016):

—
Canton Basel-Stadt: 33.5% (33.5%)

—
Canton Basel-Landschaft: 7.8% (7.8%)

—
LB (Swiss) Investment AG: 9.6% (9.4%) ¹⁾

—
Canton of Zurich: 4.0% (4.0%)

—
City of Zurich: 3.7% (3.7%)

¹⁾ Entered in the "Shareholders with voting rights" share register with 300,328 shares (5%)

3.7 Disclosure of participation rights

The participation rights of members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Board are shown in the Annual Report.

[Annual Report / Board of Directors](#)

[Annual Report / Executive Board](#)

4. Proposal for profit distribution

	2017	2016
	CHF 1000	CHF 1000
Profit brought forward from previous year	18 154	17 684
Annual profits	318	3 473
Total net profit for the year	18 472	21 157
The board of Directors propose the Annual General meeting the following appropriation:		
Dividend ¹⁾	–	3 003
Allocation to statutory reserve	–	–
Balance carried forward	18 472	18 154
Total net profit for the year	18 472	21 157

1) The Board of Directors proposes that the available distributable retained earnings be carried forward to new account (previous year dividend of CHF 0.50 per share with a nominal value of CHF 10 per share).



Statutory Auditor's Report

To the General Meeting of MCH Group Ltd., Basel

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of MCH Group Ltd., which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2017, and the income statement for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017 comply with Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those provisions and standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the entity in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the requirements of the Swiss audit profession and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Report on Key Audit Matters based on the circular 1/2015 of the Federal Audit Oversight Authority



Investments impairment

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Investments impairment

Key Audit Matter

As at 31 December 2017, MCH Group Ltd. AG holds investments in the amount of CHF 160.1 million.

The value adjustments recorded on investments during the year 2017 amount to CHF 11.0 million.

MCH Group Ltd. holds direct and indirect investments in various industries. These are recorded on the balance sheet at most at acquisition cost less the necessary value adjustments. Management examines on a yearly basis if there are signs of investments impairment. If such signs exist, the carrying amount is compared to the recoverable amount (value in use). The value in use is based on the estimated and discounted forecast cash flows, which are determined mainly by the estimated future revenues and expenses as well as the discount rate.

Our response

Our audit procedures included, amongst others, evaluating the methodical and mathematical accuracy of the model used for the impairment tests, the appropriateness of the assumptions used, and the methodology used by management to prepare its cash flow forecasts.

For the investments' carrying amounts, we performed amongst others the following audit procedures:

- comparing business plan data against the latest management approved forecasts and Board approved business plans;
- challenging the robustness of the key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount, including forecast cash flows, long-term growth rates and discount rates by comparing them with publicly available data as well as based on our understanding of the commercial prospects of the respective companies;
- comparing the sum of discounted forecast cash flows to the investments' carrying amounts and examining the recording of any value adjustments.



Responsibility of the Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the provisions of Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with the Board of Directors or its relevant committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide the Board of Directors or its relevant committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors or its relevant committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report, unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with article 728a para. 1 item 3 CO and the Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We further confirm that the proposed appropriation of available earnings complies with Swiss law and the company's articles of incorporation. We recommend that the financial statements submitted to you be approved.

KPMG AG

Stefan Inderbinen
Licensed Audit Expert
Auditor in Charge

Christoph Vonder Mühl
Licensed Audit Expert

Basel, 16 March 2018

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MCH Group
Global Live Marketing

Reports 2017

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